UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO RÍO PIEDRAS CAMPUS COMMUNICATION SCHOOL

Course COPU 4365 Legislation of means and deontology of the information

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Rúbrica

Criteria	Beggining (1-2)	In Progress (3-4)	Good (5-6)	Excellent (7-8)	Learning outcome
Understand different concepts and theories ethics	The student does not demonstrate an understanding of the concepts and ethical theories being studied.	The student demonstrates knowledge and minimum understanding of the concepts and ethical theories under study.	The student demonstrates a basic knowledge and understanding of the concepts and ethical theories under study.	The student demonstrates an excellent knowledge and mastery of the concepts and ethical theories object of study.	Ethical and Aesthetic Sensibility
Identification of issues / problems ethical	The student does not show evidence that he identifies issues / problems ethics present in the relation of facts.	The student just identifies some issues / problems ethics present in the relation of facts.	The student partially identifies issues / problems ethics present in the relation of facts.	The student clearly and adequately identifies issues / problems ethics present in the relation of facts.	Ethical and Aesthetic Sensibility

3	Application of concepts	The student does not	The student hardly		The student	Ethical
	Ethical.	show evidence that it	applies		clearly and	and
		applies	ethical concepts		appropriately	Aesthetic
		none of the concepts	studied.		applies the	Sensibility
		Ethics studied.			concepts	-
					Ethics studied.	
4	Critical analysis - Analyze,	The student does not	The student barely	The student	The student	Critical
	use and present the	demonstrate having	manages to analyze,	partially applies the	analyzes, uses	Thinking
	information / evidence	analyzed, used or	use and present the	concepts	and presents the	
	(textually or otherwise)	presented information	information / evidence	Ethics studied.	information /	
	appropriately	/ evidence (textual or	(textual or other) to	Achieve partially	evidence	
		otherwise) to support	support his ideas.	analyze, use and	(textually or	
		your ideas. It does not	There is a great lack of	present the	otherwise)	
		provide the	information or	information /	appropriately to	
		information or	evidence to support	evidence (textual or	support your	
		evidence necessary to	your points. It shows	otherwise) to support	ideas. It shows	
		support your points. It	that the search,	their ideas. It provides	that you have	
		does not show that	selection and	part of the	searched,	
		you have searched,	evaluation of	information or	selected and	
		selected or critically	information are	evidence to support	critically	
		evaluated the	simplistic, inadequate	your points. In	evaluated the	
		information. The	or not related to ideas.	general, it shows	information.	
		presentation of ideas		having searched,	There are no	
		and evidence is not		selected and critically	significant	
		logical.		evaluated the	omissions. It	
				information.	presents ideas	
					and evidence	
					that correspond	
					to each other.	
					Presents	

5	Argumentation or own opinión	There is no evidence of having analyzed the subjects of the authors; it does not indicate the points of	The student analyzes the subjects of the authors; points out points of convergence, although not of	The student analyzes partially the topics addressed by the authors; points out some points of	adequately the ideas obtained from the sources of information without falsifying them. The student shows a broad analysis of the topics addressed by the authors;	Critical Thinking
		convergence and divergence and does not propose new	divergence; and does not propose new alternatives on the	convergence and divergence; and proposes some own	points out points of convergence and divergence;	
		alternatives on the subjects studied.	topics studied.	alternatives.	and proposes its own alternatives	
					on the topics studied.	
6	Conclusion or Summary -	The student does not	The student hardly	The student partially	The student	Critical
	Draw conclusions that	show that it has	elaborates conclusions	elaborates	produces clear	Thinking
	correspond to the arguments	drawn conclusions	that correspond to the	conclusions that	and adequate	
	that have been developed and the evidence that has	that correspond to the	arguments that have	correspond to the	conclusions that	
	been presented	arguments that have been developed and	been developed and to the evidences that	arguments that have been developed and	correspond to the arguments	
	been presented	to the evidence that	have been presented.	to the evidences that	that have been	
		has been presented.	nave been presented.	have been presented.	developed and	
		Seen presented.		Deen presented.	the evidence	
					presented.	

7	Know the different historical contexts in which the concepts under study are developed	The student does not demonstrate knowledge or understanding of the historical contexts in which the concepts under study are developed.	The student demonstrates knowledge and minimal understanding of the historical contexts in which the concepts under study are developed.	The student demonstrates good knowledge and understanding of the historical contexts in which the concepts under study are developed.	The student demonstrates a solid knowledge and understanding of the historical contexts in which the concepts under study are developed.	Content Knowledg e
8	Knowledge of the concepts and legal theories object of studies	The student does not show any understanding or knowledge of the legal concepts or theories under study.	The student demonstrates knowledge and minimum understanding of the concepts and legal theories under study.	The student demonstrates partial knowledge and a good understanding of the concepts and legal theories object of study.	The student demonstrates a broad knowledge and excellent understanding of the concepts and legal theories under study.	Content Knowledg e

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